

Inferior oblique is the smallest of the three parts of **longus colli**.

**Proximal Attachment**

It passes supero-laterally from the anterior aspect of the bodies of T1 to T3.

**Distal Attachment**

It attaches to the anterior tubercles of the transverse processes of C5 and C6.

**Nerve Supply**

It is supplied by anterior rami of C5, C6.

**Action**

The **inferior oblique** part of longus colli flexes the neck when acting together; it brings about lateral flexion and rotation of the neck to the opposite side when acting individually.